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GENERAL COUNSEL'S OPINION NUMBER 55-21, DATED 25 JULY 1955

Per diem may be paid to dependents evacuated to an emergency post due to disturbed conditions at the post of the sponsor's assignment, whether such evacuation is to a temporary destination in the United States or to another foreign area.

TO THE DEPUTY DIRECTOR (SUPPORT)

- l. A memorandum from the Assistant Director for Operations and the Director of Communications has raised for consideration the issue of whether per diem could legally be paid to the dependents of Agency employees while such dependents are temporarily located at an evacuation post pending authorization either to return to the emergency post, or to proceed to a new post of assignment of the sponsor. The Office of Communications expressed concern that a hardship would be incurred if such dependents could be granted only a separation allowance, instead of per diem, if they were evacuated:
 - a. to the United States while awaiting return to or 25X1A while awaiting reassignment of the employee from to some other 25X1A overseas post; and
 - b. if the dependents are required to obtain and pay for temporary housing facilities in the United States. (This condition has been restated by this Office to clarify the intent.)
- 2. The memorandum recommended that the Director of Communications and the General Counsel collaborate in presentation of justification for paying per diem to dependents evacuated to the United States under the circumstances set forth in paragraph 1 above. This Office considers its function under this approved recommendation to advise you as to whether ATOTHR such per diem may be legally authorized.

SECRET

NO. PGS 3

NO. PGS 4

NO. PGS 5

NO. PGS 4

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STATOTHR

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	,	
	to that of Section 911 (8) of the Foreign Service	
Act of 1946	(Public Law 724, 79th Congress). The introductory paragraph	
to	provides for the payment of expenses authorized thereunder	
"in accorda	ance with applicable provisions of the Foreign Service Regula-	
tions". Section 3.1(f) of the Foreign Service Travel Regulations, under		
heading of	"Allowable Travel Expenses", reads:	

"When ordered to evacuate a post, travel and per diem for employee and family and transportation of his effects from post to any destination specified in travel authorization, but no per diem at specified destination unless specifically authorized".

(Underlining supplied.)

As will be noted, the language of Section 3.1(f) does not distinguish between a United States and a foreign post of "destination".

- 4. The issue of whether per diem, when specifically authorized, could be paid to dependents if the post of evacuation was in the United States rather than in a foreign area was discussed with the representative of General Counsel's Office of the General Accounting Office who normally prepares the Comptroller General's opinions relating to travel. This representative agreed with this Office that the location of the post of evacuation made no difference in the authority to grant per diem to dependents under the language of Foreign Service Travel Regulation 3.1(f). He did, however, initially question whether the statutory authority of either CIA or the Foreign Service permitted the payment of such per diem regardless of the location of the evacuation post. The new issue raised at this point dealt with the legality of the quoted provision of Section 3.1(f) of the Foreign Service Travel Regulation.
- 5. After further consideration, the informal decision of GAO is now that no exception would be taken to the authorized payment of such per diem. This conclusion is reached in this manner:
 - a. The language of Section 3.1(f), permitting the payment of per diem at specified destination if specifically authorized, derives its statutory authority from the broad phrase authorizing the payment of travel costs "incident to the removal of the members of the family".
 - b. Statutory language, authorizing official action which may be taken in emergency situations, is customarily liberally construed by the General Accounting Office.
 - c. In the absence of a specific prohibition in either law or the Foreign Service Regulations against the payment of the per diem in question, no objection would be taken.

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6. The theory permitting payment of per diem to the dependents while at the evacuation post, which on the surface appears contrary to the general rule that per diem for dependents is paid only while in an actual travel status, is that time spent at the evacuation post constitutes a "delay en route" while in continuing travel status. Travel orders authorizing such per diem should be written accordingly.

legal objection to the payment of employees evacuated to an emerger turbed conditions at the post of	vised that this Office perceives no f per diem to the dependents of Agency ncy post due to the prevalence of dis- the sponsor's assignment, whether 25 y "destination" in the United States	X1A
oz za saosnoż rożenia drode		

LAWRENCE R. HOUSTON General Counsel

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